## Combinatorics Qualifying Examination

NTNU Math Ph.D. Program, Fall 2019

- 1. (10%) What is the expected number of fixed points of a permutation in S(n)?
- 2. (10%) Let  $a_n$  be the number of n-words over the alphabet  $\{0, 1, 2\}$  that contain no neighboring 0's, e.g.,  $a_1 = 3$ ,  $a_2 = 8$ ,  $a_3 = 22$ . Find the generating function of  $a_n$ .
- 3. (15%) Let  $a_n$  be the number of self-conjugate partitions of n. Prove the following identities:

(a) 
$$\sum_{n\geq 0} a_n z^n = \prod_{i\geq 1} (1+z^{2i-1}).$$

(b) 
$$\sum_{n>0} \frac{q^n z^{n^2}}{(1-z^2)(1-z^4)\cdots(1-z^{2n})} = \prod_{i>1} (1+qz^{2i-1})$$

(c) 
$$\prod_{i \ge 1} (1 + z^i) = \prod_{i \ge 1} (1 - z^{2i-1})^{-1}$$

- 4. Let  $i_n^{(r)}$  be the number of permutations in S(n) with no cycles of length greater than r.
  - (a) (5%) Prove  $i_{n+1}^{(2)} = i_n^{(2)} + n i_{n-1}^{(2)}$ .

(b) (10%) Prove 
$$i_{n+1}^{(r)} = \sum_{k=n-r+1}^{n} n^{\frac{n-k}{2}} i_k^{(r)}$$
.

- 5. (10%) A permutation  $\sigma \in S(n)$  is called connected if for any  $k, 1 \leq k < n$ ,  $\{\sigma(1), \sigma(2), \ldots, \sigma(k)\} \neq [k]$ . Find the number of connected permutations in S(8).
- 6. (10%) Toss a fair coin until you get heads for the *n*-th time. Let X be the number of throws necessary. What are  $P_X(z)$ , E(X), and Var(X)?
- 7. (10%) Let  $a_n$  be the number of ordered set partitions of  $\{1,\ldots,n\}$ . Compute  $\sum_{n\geq 0} a_n \frac{z^n}{n!}$ .
- 8. (10%) Let S be the family of k-subsets of  $\{1, 2, ..., 2n\}$ . For  $A \in S$  let  $w(A) = \sum_{i \in A} i$ , and set  $S^+ = \{A \in S \mid w(A) \text{ even}\}$ ,  $S^- = \{A \in S \mid w(A) \text{ odd}\}$ . Find an alternating involution to show that

$$|S^{+}| - |S^{-}| = \begin{cases} 0, & k \text{ odd;} \\ (-1)^{k/2} \binom{n}{k/2}, & k \text{ even.} \end{cases}$$

9. (10%) Show that any permutation of  $\{1, 2, ..., mn + 1\}$  contains an increasing subword of length m + 1 or a decreasing subword of length n + 1.

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## Combinatorics Qualifying Examination NTNU Math Ph.D. Program, Spring 2023

(10 points each)

1. (a) Evaluate

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n} (-1)^k \binom{n}{k} 2^{n-k}.$$

(b) Evaluate

$$\sum_{k=m}^{n} (-1)^k \binom{n}{k} \binom{k}{m}.$$

2. It is known there exists a unique sequence  $a_n$  of real numbers  $(n \ge 0)$  such that for each n we have

$$\sum_{k=0}^{n} a_k a_{n-k} = 1.$$

- (a) Find the generating function of  $a_n$
- (b) Find  $a_n$
- 3. Denote  $x^{\underline{n}} = x(x-1) \dots (x-n+1)$  and  $x^{\overline{n}} = x(x+1) \dots (x+n-1)$ .  $S_{n,k}$  is the Stirling number of the second kind.  $s_{n,k}$  is the (signless) Stirling number of the first kind.
  - (a) Prove that

$$x^n = \sum_{k=0}^n S_{n,k} x^{\underline{k}}.$$

(b) Prove that

$$x^{\overline{n}} = \sum_{k=0}^{n} s_{n,k} x^k.$$

- 4. State and prove the q-binomial theorem.
- 5. Let V be an n-dimensional vector space over the finite field GF(q), where q is a prime power. Prove that  $\begin{bmatrix} n \\ k \end{bmatrix}_q$  equals the number of k-dimensional subspaces of V.

- 6. Count the number of plane partitions whose number of rows is no greater than 3, number of columns is no greater than 3, and height are no greater than 4.
- 7. Color the vertices of a cube in 3 colors x, y, z. The cube is acted by its symmetries. Two colorings are equivalent if one can be obtained by applying a symmetry. An equivalent class is called a pattern. Compute the generating function of the pattern polynomials for all possible patterns.
- 8. Let  $a \leq b$  are two elements of a poset P.  $\delta$  is the identity and  $\zeta$  is the zeta function of the incidence algebra of P. Define  $\eta := \zeta \delta$ .
  - (a) Show that

$$\sum_{k>0} \eta^k(a,b) = \frac{1}{2\delta - \zeta}(a,b)$$

- (b) What happens if appy this to the Boolean algebra  $\mathbb{B}(n)$ ?
- 9. Prove

$$\prod_{k\geq 1} (1 - q^{4k-3})(1 - q^{4k-1})(1 - q^{4k}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (-1)^n q^{2n^2 + n}.$$

10. How many rooted forests are there on  $\{1, ..., n\}$  with k components?

## Combinatorics Qualifying Examination

NTNU Math Ph.D. Program, Fall 2023

- 1. (10%) In a  $6 \times 6$  grid, how many ways are there to select 30 squares such that there are no consecutive 6 squares in any row, column, or diagonal?
- 2. (10%) Color the vertices of a floating cube in 3 colors. Compute the generating function of the pattern polynomials for all possible patterns(pattern inventory).
- 3. (10%) Let  $a_n$  be the number of n-words over the alphabet  $\{0, 1, 2\}$  that contain no neighboring 0's, e.g.,  $a_1 = 3$ ,  $a_2 = 8$ ,  $a_3 = 22$ . Find the (ordinary) generating function of  $a_n$ .
- 4. (10%) Let  $a_n$  be the number of ordered set partitions of  $\{1, \ldots, n\}$ . Compute  $\sum_{n\geq 0} a_n \frac{z^n}{n!}$ .
- 5. (10%)  $S_{n,k}$  is the Stirling number of the second kind. Prove that  $x^n = \sum_{k=0}^n S_{n,k} x^{\underline{k}}$ .
- 6. (15%) Prove the following identities:

(a) 
$$\prod_{i \ge 1} (1 + z^i) = \prod_{i \ge 1} (1 - z^{2i-1})^{-1}$$

(b) 
$$\sum_{n\geq 0} \frac{q^n z^{n^2}}{(1-z^2)(1-z^4)\cdots(1-z^{2n})} = \prod_{i\geq 1} (1+qz^{2i-1})$$

(c) 
$$\prod_{i \ge 1} (1 + zq^i)(1 + z^{-1}q^{i-1})(1 - q^i) = \sum_{i = -\infty}^{\infty} q^{\frac{i(i+1)}{2}} z^i$$

- 7. (10%) Show that any permutation of  $\{1, 2, ..., mn + 1\}$  contains an increasing subword of length m + 1 or a decreasing subword of length n + 1.
- (a) How many unrooted spanning trees are there in the labeled complete graph  $K_n$ ?
  - (b) How many rooted spanning forests with k components are there in the labeled complete graph  $K_n$ ?
  - (c) How many unrooted spanning trees are there in the labeled complete bipartite graph  $K_{m,n}$ ?
- 9. (10%) Let  $\lambda$  be a partition with Ferrers diagram D. For each cell s, a number will be filled in. This number represents the number of ways to go from the lowest cell below s to the cell farthest to the right of s. Let M be the Durfee square of  $\lambda$  (largest square contained in D).

Prove det 
$$M=1$$
. Example:  $\lambda=43311$ , then  $\begin{vmatrix} 6 & 3 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1$ .